FUTURE G-RAY MISSIONS: A COMMUNITY ROADMAP

Future Space-Based Gamma-ray Observatories Workshop 25 Mar 2016

Terri Brandt NASA / Goddard

Gamma-ray Community Roadmap:

Purpose:

- > Support planning for the 2020 **Decadal**
- > Serve as a reference for all gamma-ray proposals
- > Enable deeper connections within and between communities
- > Articulate a common vision for the space-based gamma-ray community

The roadmap will:

- > Define compelling, enduring themes linking science objectives
- > Define instrument requirements
- Summarize possible mission concept(s)

by:

- > Painting a landscape
- > Showing how gamma-ray astrophysics naturally forms a key component

Gamma-ray Community Roadmap:



Gamma-ray Surveyor:

The roadmap will:

- > Define compelling, enduring themes linking science objectives/topics
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by:

- > Painting a landscape: Multimessenger and Time Domain Astrophysics?
- > Showing how gamma-ray astrophysics naturally forms a key component

with a context obtained by:

- > Compiling compelling science topics that can be accomplished by keV to GeV and higher energy instruments for launch by NASA.
- > Flowing theme(s) and science topics into instrument requirements for reference by community and reviewers alike.

Ensure the greatest breadth and accuracy through community input!

Gamma-ray Surveyor:



Science Goals:

What are the key science questions in the following areas?

- > X-Ray Binaries
- > Pulsars / Magnetars
- > SNR / PWNe
- > Classical Novae
- > Supernovae
- > Active Galactic Nuclei

- » Diffuse Galactic Emission
- Cosmic Diffuse Emission
- > Gamma Ray Bursts
- > Fundamental Physics and Dark Matter
- Solar Physics
- > Terrestrial Gamma Flashes

Leverage work already done for AstroMeV! http://astromev.in2p3.fr/

- > What other topics should be included for completeness?
- Ideas for other key linking themes?
 - > Eg: To better understand the origins and evolution of the universe and everything in it through study of high energy particles.
- > What other science topics are connected, at any energy?

Instrument Requirements:

What are the **necessary** instrument requirements?

What are the **desired** requirements?

Where do the requirements overlap?

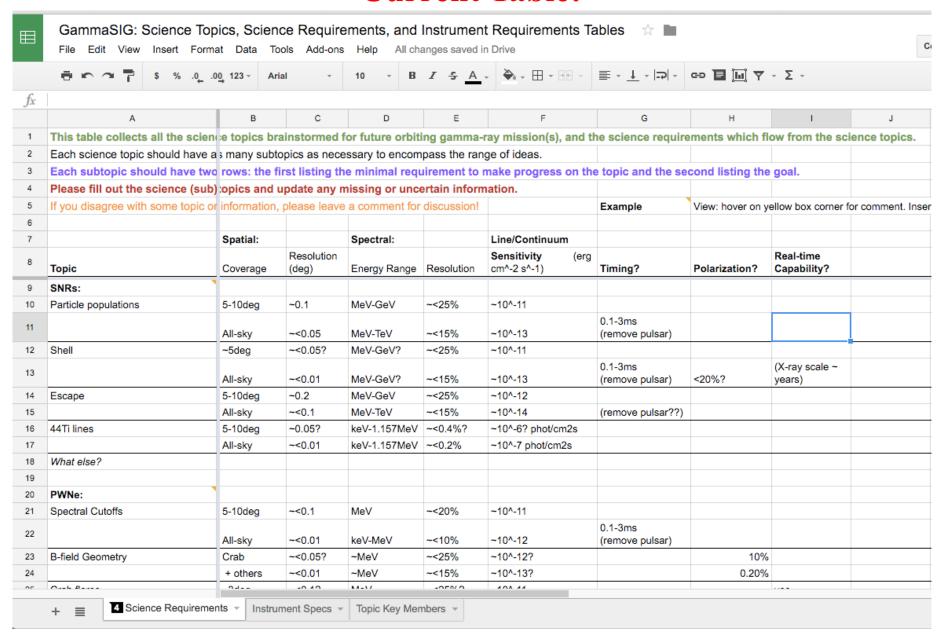
Capturing as:

Spatial:		Spectral:		Sensitivity:
Coverage	Resolution (deg)	Energy Range	Resolution	Line/ Continuum

Timing?	Polarization?	Real-time Capability?
111111115.		Treat time Capability.

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Current Table!



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Mission Concepts:

Straw missions:

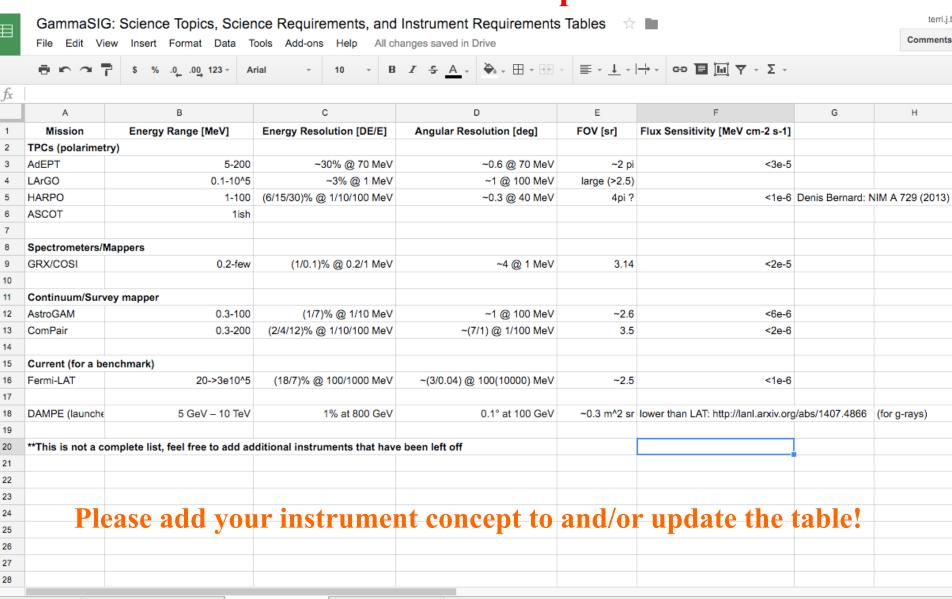
- > Abstract missions with notional platforms, technologies, and costs
- > Drawn from the set of science goals and instrument requirements

Missions in development:

Drawn from current community efforts, with:

- » defined science objectives
- » defined instrument requirements
- > defined technologies
- defined platform and cost cap

Mission Concepts:



4 Science Requirements

Instrument Specs

Topic Key Members -

Technology Requirements:

The table will also help identify and motivate new technologies for strategic investment to enable us to build instruments that meet the requirements.

Strategic Astrophysics Technology (SAT) Awards

The Astrophysics Division (APD) at NASA Headquarters solicits proposals under the Strategic Astrophysics Technology/Technology Development for Physics of the Cosmos (SAT/TPCOS) program to mature key technologies for implementation in space flight missions. Selection of proposals for funding under the TPCOS 2010 solicitation were made based on the following factors: (1) the overall scientific and technical merit of the proposal; (2) the programmatic relevance of the proposed work; and (3) the cost reasonableness of the proposed work.

http://pcos.gsfc.nasa.gov/technology/strategic-technology-awards.php

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Next Steps?

Agree on themes?

Finalize science objectives and instrument requirements.

Practicalities for writing:

> Identify committed writers

- Compile Draft

> Outline sections

> Obtain community feedback

Contents

Science Goals:

What are the outstanding science issues that should be addressed?

> Instrument Requirements:

What are the instrument requirements needed to address the science goals?

> Technology Requirements:

What new technologies will be required?

> Straw Mission Concepts:

How many missions would be required? What might they look like?

Specific Mission Concepts:

What are some of the specific mission concepts being investigated by community members?

Goal is to complete the roadmap in the fall.

Theme: SNRs, ...

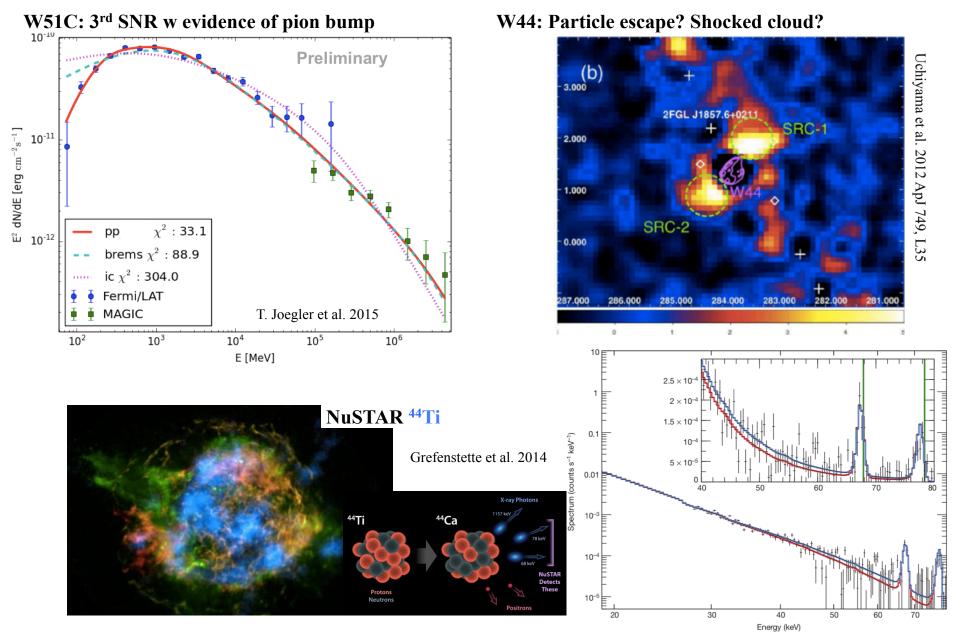
To better understand the origins and evolution of the universe and everything in it through study of high energy particles,

- to understand the fundamental physics of acceleration in a variety of systems and
- > to understand particles' interaction with, propagation through, and impact on environments at all scales (local, galactic, and extragalactic)

Discrepancies with predictions will indicate the need for new particles and/or fundamental physics. (See Regina's talk!)

Science Topics: SNRs

Most likely largest contributors of energetic particles sculpting galaxies...



Science Topics: SNRs

Most likely largest contributors of energetic particles sculpting galaxies...

- > Constrain hadronic and leptonic particle populations' number and energy distributions
 - > via spectral decomposition of spatially well-resolved remnants (MeV, GeV-TeV)
 - > connect to direct cosmic ray measurements!
 - > constrain CR origins
 - > link to their impact on galaxies' physical and chemical evolution
- > Resolve shell structure to
 - » observe acceleration processes and
 - > connect w MW data more directly (filaments, B-fields, ...).
 - Connection to progenitor type through shape?
- > Measure gradients in emission (given a known photo-particle background) to constrain escape processes.
- > 44Ti predictions for Type Ia progenitor possibilities (other than CO white dwarf?)
- > Testing a variety of sources (eg progenitor) in a variety of environments will probe more physical processes and help minimize the impact of incomplete (MW) data sets.

Instrument Requirements: SNRs

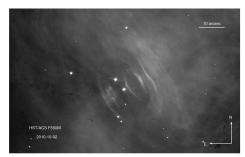
Most likely largest contributors of energetic particles sculpting galaxies...

Topic	Spatial coverage	Spatial resolution	Energy range	Spectral resolution	Line/ continuum sensitivity	Timing?	Polari- zation	Real-time capability
Particle popula- tions	5-10° / All sky	~<0.05°	MeV – TeV	<~15%	~10 ⁻¹³ erg cm ⁻² s ⁻¹	~0.1-3ms (remove pulsar)		
Shell	~5° / All sky	<0.01°	MeV – GeV?	<~15%	~10 ⁻¹³ erg cm ⁻² s ⁻¹		<20%?	(X-ray scale: ~ years)
Escape	5-10° / All sky	<0.1°	MeV – TeV	<~15%	~10 ⁻¹⁴ erg cm ⁻² s ⁻¹			
⁴⁴ Ti lines	5-10° / All sky	~0.01°	keV – 1.157 MeV	<0.2%	~10 ⁻⁷ phot cm ⁻² s ⁻¹			
?								

Science Topics: PWNe

Particles accelerated by the wind from pulsars...

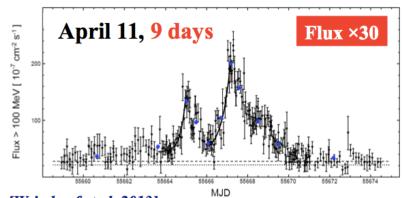
The variable Crab Nebula

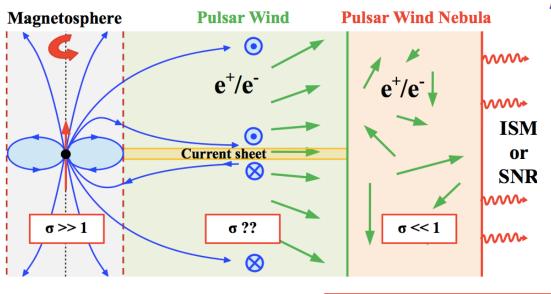


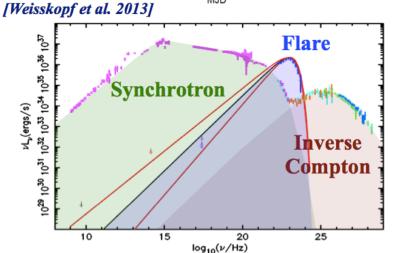
Discovery of MeV-GeV Flares from the Crab!

Striped wind simulations explain the " σ problem"

[Buehler et al., 2012]







 $\sigma = \frac{\text{Poynting flux}}{\text{Particle kinetic energy flux}}$

Transition $\sigma >> 1$ to $\sigma << 1$ unknown: "sigma" problem

Science Topics: PWNe

Particles accelerated by the wind from pulsars...

- > Probe particle acceleration in relativistic shocks and associated magnetic field strengths through measurement of spectral cutoff(s) above 100keV (presently little to no data), probing in particular the inner regions where non-dissipative MHD models fail ("σ problem")
- > Polarization measurements could constrain the magnetic field geometry in the acceleration region.
- > Better understand the physics and origin of the Crab GeV flares by observing any MeV variability around the synchrotron cutoff energy
- > Testing a variety of sources in a variety of environments will probe more physical processes and help minimize the impact of incomplete (MW) data sets;
- > NB! This is limited due to the relative faintness of PWNe other than the Crab (next brightest are ~2 orders of magnitude lower in flux)

Science Topics: PWNe

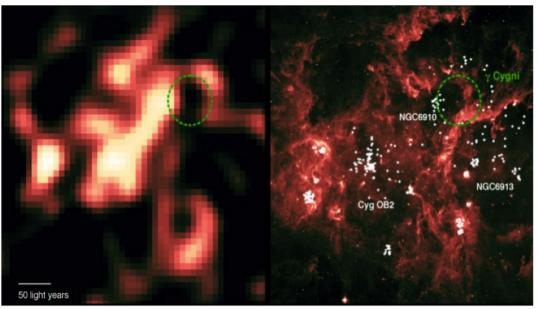
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Spectral Cutoffs	All sky	~<0.01°	keV – MeV	<~10%	~10 ⁻¹² erg cm ⁻² s ⁻¹	< 3ms (remove pulsar)		
B-field geometry	Crab, (others)	<0.01°?	~MeV	<~15%	~10 ⁻¹³ erg cm ⁻² s ⁻¹ ?		10% (0.2%)	
Crab flares	~3°	<0.1°?	~1 MeV – 1 GeV (contemp- oraneous)	<~15%	~10 ⁻¹² erg cm ⁻² s ⁻¹			Y + MW, Flare ~ few days
?								

Science Topics: Superbubbles

GCRS/(80% SS+20% Massive

Groups of massive stars...



Cocoon of 10-100 GeV γ-ray emission

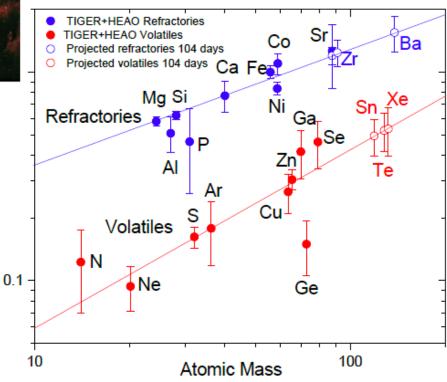
IR emission from the Cygnus Superbubble

Credit: I. A. Grenier (Fermi LAT/AIM/U. Paris Diderot/CEA) and L. Tibaldo (Fermi LAT/SLAC).

CRs from Massive Stars?

R. Binns et al. ICRC 2013

TIGER+HEAO-C2 data



Science Topics: Superbubbles

Groups of massive stars...

- > Trace massive star formation
 - > ²⁶Al, ⁶⁰Fe lines: lifetime of order OB association('s evolution) and independent of local ionization state.
 - » energetic particles can seed further star formation in nearby clouds.
- > Map the Galaxy's distribution of
 - > ²⁶Al, ⁶⁰Fe lines: trace large scale outflow of particles, energy, and momentum which can significantly affect galaxy evolution.
- > Study of the spectral and spatial distribution of continuum emission can address the same particle acceleration and interaction topics as for SNRs in particularly energetic and structured environments (ex: Cygnus cocoon)

Science Topics: Superbubbles

Groups of massive stars...

Topic	Spatial coverage	Spatial resolution	Energy range	Spectral resolution	Line/ continuum sensitivity	Timing?	Polari- zation	Real-time capability
²⁶ Al, ⁶⁰ Fe lines	~20° ² regions, Galaxy	<0.05°	~1-6 MeV	<~10%; <0.2%* *resolve Doppler broadening	~10 ⁻⁷ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹ MeV ⁻¹			
Particle popula- tions	~20° ² regions, all sky	<0.1°	MeV – TeV	<~15%	~10 ⁻¹³ erg cm ⁻² s ⁻¹	Poss. ~<3ms (pulsars)		
?								

Connections to Other Science Topics

To better understand the origins and evolution of the universe and everything in it through study of high energy particles,

- » Novae as scaled down SNe/R with more human-accessible time scales
- » γ-ray binaries: particle acceleration and associated magnetic field from interaction between a pulsar's relativistic wind and the companion's wind
- » Magnetars, rotation-powered pulsars: origin of MeV γ-rays from magnetic fields above Schwinger (QED) limit
- » Galactic center as collection of pulsars / SNRs / massive stars / ...
- > Low energy CR nuclear lines from interactions in ISM/clouds (eg ¹²C, ¹⁶O => 4.4, 6.1 MeV)

> ...

» Discrepancies indicate need for new particles and/or physics!

Testing a variety of sources (eg progenitor) in a variety of environments will probe more physical processes and help minimize the impact of incomplete (MW) data sets.

Theme and Topics

To better understand the origins and evolution of the universe and everything in it through study of high energy particles:

Fundamental physics of particle acceleration:

- > Shock acceleration in SNRs, PWNe, and superbubbles, including key observables such as e^{+/-}, p populations and particle escape
- » PWNe: "σ problem"
- Crab(like?) flares

Galaxy evolution and feedback:

- > Trace CR source distribution and propagation in our Galaxy
- \rightarrow Distribution of star formation in the last $\sim 1 \text{ Myr}$
- Acceleration, escape, and propagation of low(er) energy CRs responsible for majority of galactic chemistry and heating

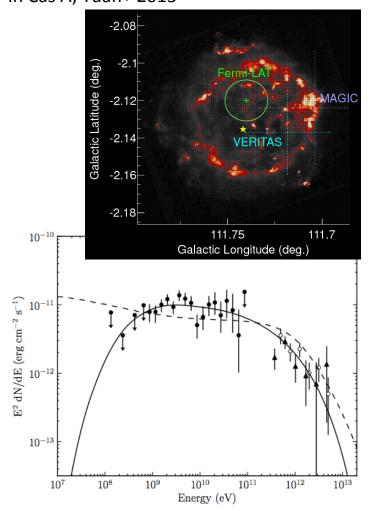
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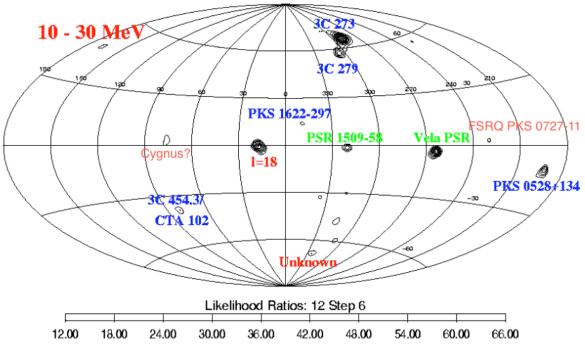
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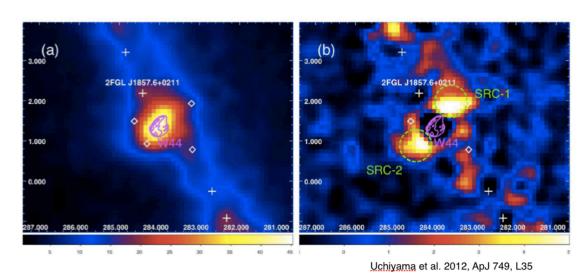
Contact me!

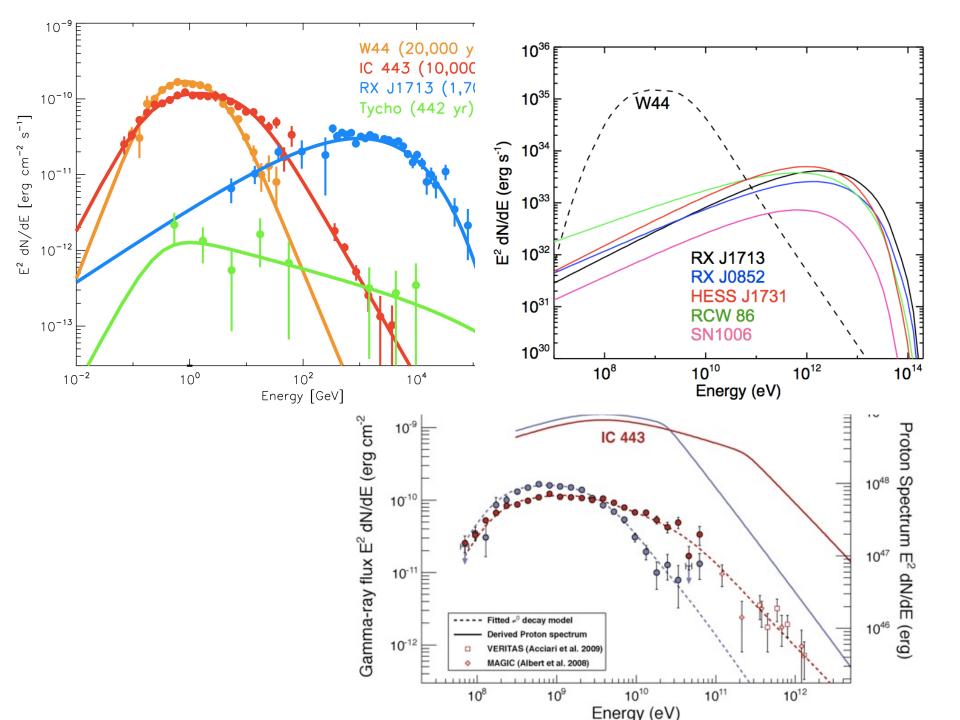
terri.j.brandt@gmail.com

Fermi-LAT shows hint of a "pion bump" in Cas A; Yuan+ 2013









Conclusions:

The community roadmap will provide the best representation of the **scope of science** accessible in the gamma-ray window.

The roadmap will serve:

- » as a **record** of the community's best estimates,
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- » as a touchstone for the **future**.

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Currently have a table of science objectives and (notional) instrument requirements! Have also begun tabulating mission concepts!

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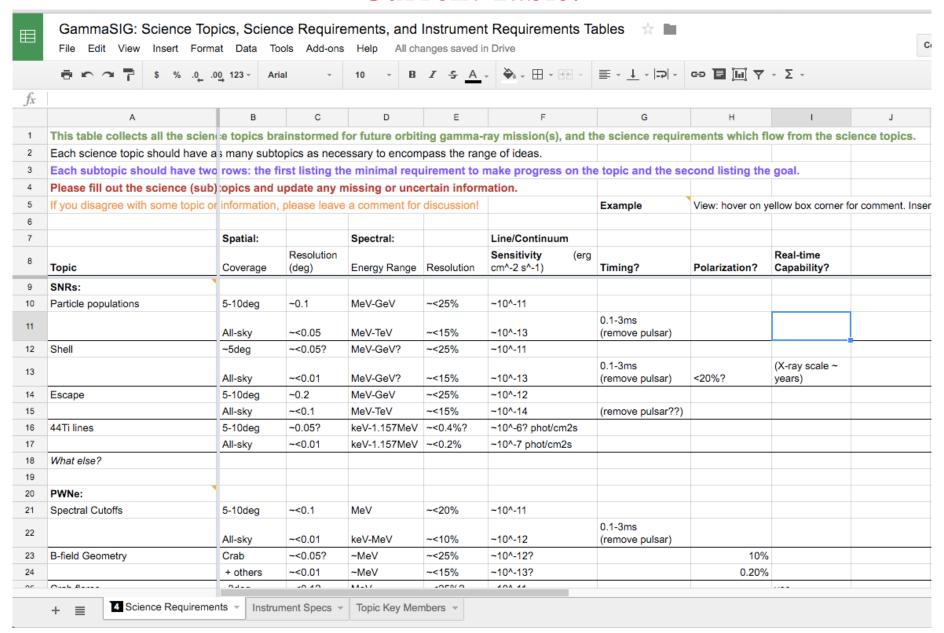
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FUTURE G-RAY MISSIONS: SCIENCE OBJECTIVES & INSTRUMENT REQUIREMENTS

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- > Painting a landscape
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- > Fundamental Physics and Dark Matter
- Solar Physics
- > Terrestrial Gamma Flashes

- > What other topics should be included?
- > Ideas for linking themes?
 - > Eg: To better understand the origins and evolution of the universe and everything in it through study of high energy particles.
- > What other science topics are connected, at any energy?

Science Goals:

What are the key science questions in the following areas?

- > X-Ray Binaries
- > Pulsars / Magnetars
- > SNR / PWNe
- > Classical Novae
- > Supernovae
- > Active Galactic Nuclei

- » Diffuse Galactic Emission
- Cosmic Diffuse Emission
- > Gamma Ray Bursts
- > Fundamental Physics and Dark Matter
- Solar Physics
- > Terrestrial Gamma Flashes

- > What other topics should be included for completeness?
- Ideas for other key linking themes?
 - Eg: To better understand the origins and evolution of the universe and everything in it through study of high energy particles.
- > What other science topics are connected, at any energy?

Instrument Requirements:

What are the **necessary** instrument requirements?

What are the **desired** requirements?

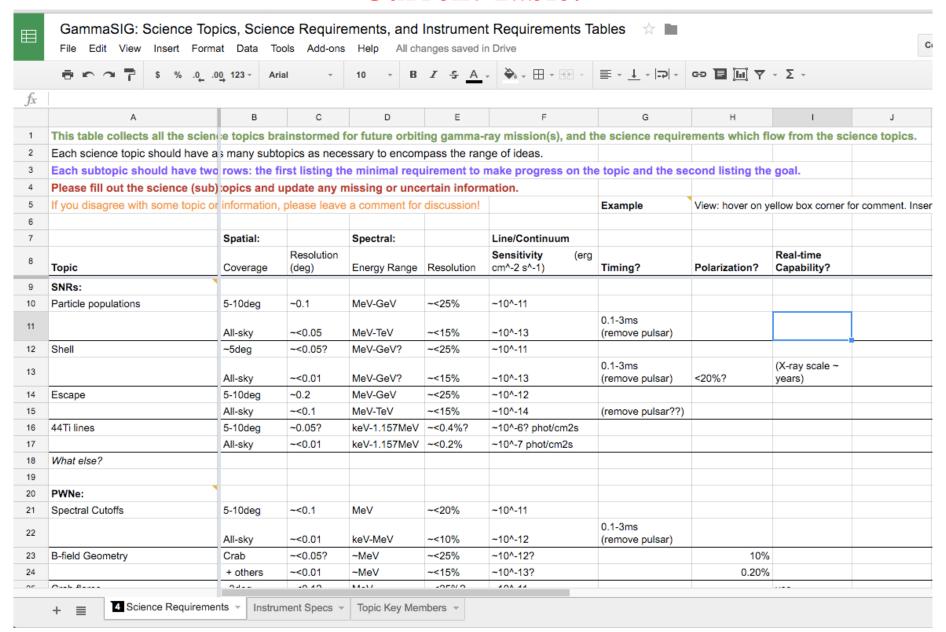
Where do the requirements overlap?

Capturing as:

Spatial:		Spectral:		Sensitivity:
Coverage	Resolution (deg)	Energy Range	Resolution	Line/ Continuum

Timing?	Polarization?	Real-time Capability?

Current Table!

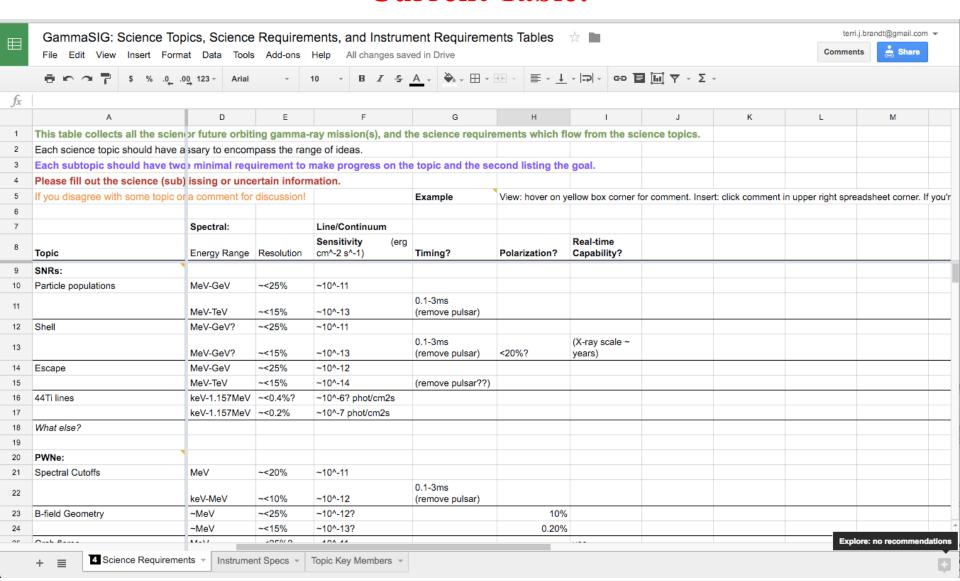


Science Goals:

What are the key science questions in the following areas?

- > X-Ray Binaries (Tomsick)
- > Pulsars / Magnetars (Baring, Harding)
- > SNR / PWNe (Brandt, Hewitt)
- Classical Novae (Cheung, Comiuk)
- > Supernovae (Boggs, Grefensette, Leising)
- Active Galactic Nuclei (Falcone, Finke, Madejski, Ojha)
- Diffuse Galactic Emission (Digel, Hartmann, Moskalenko)
- Cosmic Diffuse Emission (Ajello, Venters)
- Gamma Ray Bursts (Connaughton, Omodei, Zhang)
- > Fundamental Physics and Dark Matter (Buckley, Caputo, Krawczynski, A. Smith)
- Solar Physics (Murphy, Pesce-Collins, Ryan)
- > Terrestrial Gamma Flashes (Briggs, Dwyer, Grove, D. Smith)

Current Table!



https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/12AHH5oOJO8NDu1FY3H1h3hclZBndGe8oJh-8vJBl8AE/edit?usp=sharing

Mission Concepts:

Straw missions:

- > Abstract missions with notional platforms, technologies, and costs
- > Drawn from the set of science goals and instrument requirements

Missions in development:

Drawn from current community efforts, with:

- defined science objectives
- » defined instrument requirements
- > defined technologies
- defined platform and cost cap

Please add your instrument concept to and/or update the table!

Mission Concepts:

GammaSIG: Science Topics, Science Requirements, and Instrument Requirements Tables terri.j.l Comments File Edit View Insert Format Data Tools Add-ons Help All changes saved in Drive B I + A + ♦ + ⊞ + ⊞ + ≣ + ↓ + | → + | co ■ Ⅲ ▼ + Σ + \$ % .0_ .00_ 123 fx Α Ε G Mission Energy Range [MeV] Energy Resolution [DE/E] Angular Resolution [deg] FOV [sr] Flux Sensitivity [MeV cm-2 s-1] TPCs (polarimetry) AdEPT 5-200 ~30% @ 70 MeV ~0.6 @ 70 MeV ~2 pi <3e-5 3 LArGO 0.1-10^5 ~3% @ 1 MeV ~1 @ 100 MeV large (>2.5) **HARPO** (6/15/30)% @ 1/10/100 MeV ~0.3 @ 40 MeV <1e-6 Denis Bernard: NIM A 729 (2013) 1-100 4pi? ASCOT 1ish 7 Spectrometers/Mappers 9 GRX/COSI 0.2-few (1/0.1)% @ 0.2/1 MeV ~4 @ 1 MeV 3.14 <2e-5 10 Continuum/Survey mapper 11 AstroGAM 0.3-100 (1/7)% @ 1/10 MeV ~1 @ 100 MeV ~2.6 <6e-6 ComPair 0.3-200 (2/4/12)% @ 1/10/100 MeV ~(7/1) @ 1/100 MeV 3.5 <2e-6 13 14 Current (for a benchmark) 16 Fermi-LAT 20->3e10^5 (18/7)% @ 100/1000 MeV ~(3/0.04) @ 100(10000) MeV ~2.5 <1e-6 17 DAMPE (launche 5 GeV - 10 TeV 1% at 800 GeV ~0.3 m^2 sr lower than LAT: http://lanl.arxiv.org/abs/1407.4866 18 0.1° at 100 GeV (for g-rays) 19 20 **This is not a complete list, feel free to add additional instruments that have been left off 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

4 Science Requirements

Instrument Specs

Topic Key Members ▼

Technology Requirements:

The table will also help identify and motivate new technologies for strategic investment to enable us to build instruments that meet the requirements.

Strategic Astrophysics Technology (SAT) Awards

The Astrophysics Division (APD) at NASA Headquarters solicits proposals under the Strategic Astrophysics Technology/Technology Development for Physics of the Cosmos (SAT/TPCOS) program to mature key technologies for implementation in space flight missions. Selection of proposals for funding under the TPCOS 2010 solicitation were made based on the following factors: (1) the overall scientific and technical merit of the proposal; (2) the programmatic relevance of the proposed work; and (3) the cost reasonableness of the proposed work.

http://pcos.gsfc.nasa.gov/technology/strategic-technology-awards.php

Conclusions:

The community roadmap will provide the best representation of the **scope of science** accessible in the gamma-ray window.

The roadmap will serve:

- » as a **record** of the community's best estimates,
- > as a **reference** for the current state of the art, and
- » as a touchstone for the **future**.

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